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SFF-9639

Reference Guide for

Multifunction 6X Unshielded Connector Pinouts

Rev 2.0.2 November 7, 2019

Secretariat: SFF TA TWG

Abstract: This document is a guide to the pinout usage of the SFF-8639 six-lane, high speed multifunction plug and receptacle connector that is designed for use as a common connector system supporting both SAS and PCIe based devices.

This specification is made available for public review at http://www.snia.org/sff/specifications. Comments may be submitted at http://www.snia.org/feedback. Comments received will be considered for inclusion in future revisions of this document.

The description of a connector in this document does not assure that the specific component is actually available from connector suppliers. If such a connector is supplied it must comply with this document to achieve interoperability between suppliers.

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- Results of IP Disclosures: http://www.snia.org/sffdisclosures
- SNIA IP Policy: http://www.snia.org/ippolicy

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Change History

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- Extracted Informative Annex A from SFF-8639 Rev 0.1
- Tables revised with the signal names of the using interfaces 16 Rev 0.2
 - Rev 0.3 - Specified how PET and PER pins are to be connected.
- 18 Rev 0.4 - Updated USB pinouts to tables 19
 - Added note on how PCIe names signals on devices
- 20 - Identified interface documents for usage models Rev 0.5
 - Rev 0.6 - Updated the interface document references and moved them to Section 2.1
 - Added clarification that signal grounds are electrical reference

grounds

- Rev 0.7 - Added OCP and SNIA network pinouts to tables
 - Removed speed references
- 26 - SNIA pinouts finalized Rev 0.8 27
 - SATA P3 DEVSLP updated to DVSLP/Power Disable
 - Moved reference for Notes 1 and 2 in Table 4-2 and Table 4-3 Rev 0.9
 - Removed *1 and *2 from SATA Express column in Table 4-3 Rev 1.0
- 30 Rev 1.1 - Updated SFF links to SNIA links
 - Added SFF-TA-1001 references & pinout, removed USB
 - Adjusted Quad PCIe pin names to align with changes in reference spec
 - Added PCI-SIG source to section 2.3
 - Added Note 3 to tables 4-2 & 4-3, replaced SFF-8639 with PCIe
 - Added Section 5
 - Updated chairman contact in POINTS OF CONTACT
 - Updated boilerplate items to SFF TA TWG terms
 - Fixed spacing in listings in Section 2.1
 - Removed dimensioning conventions in Section 2.4
 - Rev 2.0 (July 18, 2018)
 - Upgraded to SNIA template
 - Replaced "Development Reference Guide" with "Published" in header
 - Added "Reference" watermark
 - Reformatted Change History
 - Rev 2.0a (July 24, 2018)
 - Updated some boiler plate material
 - Corrected "Reference" watermark
 - Added missing pages (pages 8 & 9)
 - Rev 2.0.1 (October 25, 2019)
 - Removed SNIA Ethernet Drive and SATA Express columns
 - Added SNIA Native NVMe-oF pinout column from SNIA specification
 - Added SNIA Native NVMe-oF Dual Port Usage section
 - Replaced Table 5.1
- 54 Rev 2.0.2 (November 7, 2019)
 - Various changes after discussion/ comment resolution

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Foreword

When 2 1/2" diameter disk drives were introduced, there was no commonality on external dimensions e.g. physical size, mounting locations, connector type, connector location, between vendors. The SFF Committee provided a forum for system integrators and vendors to define the form factor of disk drives.

membership has included a mix of companies which are leaders across the industry.

The development work on this specification was done by the SNIA SFF TWG, an

industry group. Since its formation as the SFF Committee in August 1990, the

During their definition, other activities were suggested because participants in SFF faced more challenges than the form factors. In November 1992, the charter was expanded to address any issues of general interest and concern to the storage industry. The SFF Committee became a forum for resolving industry issues that are either not addressed by the standards process or need an immediate solution.

In July 2016, the SFF Committee transitioned to SNIA (Storage Networking Industry Association), as a TA (Technology Affiliate) TWG (Technical Work Group).

 Industry consensus is not a requirement to publish a specification because it is recognized that in an emerging product area, there is room for more than one approach. By making the documentation on competing proposals available, an integrator can examine the alternatives available and select the product that is felt to be most suitable.

SFF meets during the T10 (see $\underline{www.t10.org}$) and T11 (see $\underline{www.t11.org}$) weeks, and SSWGs (Specific Subject Working Groups) are held at the convenience of the participants.

Many of the specifications developed by SFF have either been incorporated into standards or adopted as standards by ANSI, EIA, JEDEC and SAE.

For those who wish to participate in the activities of the SFF TWG, the signup for membership can be found at:

http://www.snia.org/sff/join

The complete list of SFF Specifications which have been completed or are currently being worked on by the SFF Committee can be found at:

http://www.snia.org/sff/specifications

Suggestions for improvement of this specification will be welcome, they should be

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1 1. Scope

2 This specification defines pinouts used with the SFF-8639 Multifunction 6X

3 Unshielded Connector.

4 1.1 Application Specific Criteria

5 This is an informational document. See Industry Documents for official

information.

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35 Suggestions for revisions should be directed to http://www.snia.org/feedback/.

36 **2. References**

37 **2.1 Industry Documents**

The following interface standards and specifications are relevant to this specification as of the date of publication.

40 - SATA SATA-IO Serial ATA Revision 3.2

- SATA Express SATA-IO Serial ATA Revision 3.2
- 42 Dual Port SAS SFF-8482 & INCITS/ T10 Serial Attached SCSI-3
- 43 Multi-Link SAS SFF-8629 & INCITS/ T10 Serial Attached SCSI-3
- 45 Quad PCIe PCI-SIG PCI Express SFF-8639 Module
- 46 Specification

1 SFF-TA-1001 Universal x4 Link Definition for SFF-8639 2 OCP (Kinetic) Storage Device with Ethernet Interface I2C-Bus Specification and User Manual 3 4 Native NVMe-oF SNIA Native NVMe-oF Drive Specification

2.2 Sources

There are several projects active within the SFF TWG. The complete list of specifications which have been completed or are still being worked on is contained in the document SFF-8000 which can be found at 8 9 http://www.snia.org/sff/specifications.

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Copies of ANSI standards may be purchased from the InterNational Committee for Information Technology Standards (http://www.techstreet.com/incitsgate.tmpl).

2.3 Conventions

The dimensioning conventions are described in ANSI-Y14.5M, Geometric Dimensioning and Tolerancing. All dimensions are in millimeters, which are the controlling dimensional units (if inches are supplied, they are for guidance only).

The ISO convention of numbering is used i.e., the thousands and higher multiples are separated by a space and a period is used as the decimal point. This is equivalent to the English/American convention of a comma and a period.

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American	French	ISO
0.6	0,6	0.6
1,000	1 000	1 000
1,323,462.9	1 323 462,9	1 323 462.9

3. General Description

When a new SFF connector specification is developed there may be more than one industry interface planning to make use of it. Groups working on interfaces being developed under non-disclosure are unable to compare and discuss anticipated usage.

Pinouts are discussed during connector development and initial definitions assigned to ensure that the connector meets the needs of the interested interfaces.

This specification is a guide to the anticipated pinout usage of the interfaces under development.

4. Connector Usage Models

The connector system defined in SFF-8639 is considered to be an extension of the connector systems defined in SFF-8482 and SFF-8629. The SFF-8639 specification defines a multi-function connector system that may be used to implement specific storage device use cases.

The connector system defines a total of 68 contacts. The receptacle may implement all of the defined contacts while the plug may implement only the contacts required by the use case supported on a particular device. This allows for multiple device types supporting different use cases to be inserted into a common receptacle.

The connector system may be used for use cases not defined in this specification. The following three tables define the signal utilization based on use case. The signal name is given with respect to the receptacle. The signal ground is the electrical reference ground, the mechanical shell is a separate ground.

WARNING: The definitive reference for signals are the using interfaces identified in Sections 2.1. Readers should be aware that the tables below may not be accurate after these interfaces have been completed and distributed for public use.

TABLE 4-1: P SERIES SIGNALS (PLUG)

		SATA	SAS	MultiLin k SAS	Quad PCIe	SFF-TA- 1001	OCP Kinetic	SNIA Native NVMe-oF
P1		Retired	P1->P2	P1->P2	WAKE#	WAKE#	Presence Detect	
P2		Retired	P2->P1	P2->P1		Reserved	I2C Clock	
Р3		DVSLP/ Power Disable	POWER DISABLE	POWER DISABLE	PWRDIS	PWRDIS	I2C Data	PWRDIS
P4		GND	GROUND	GROUND	IfDet#	IfDet#	Ground	IfDet#= Ground
P5	Ground	GND	GROUND	GROUND	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
P6	Ground	GND	GROUND	GROUND	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
Р7	+5V	V5	V5, precharg e	V5, precharg e			+5V Precharg e	
P8	+5V	V5	V5	V5			+5V	
P9	+5V	V5	V5	V5			+5V	
P10		GND	GROUND	GROUND	PRSNT#	PRSNT#	Ground	PRSNT# = Ground
P11		DAS/DSS /DHU	READY LED	READY LED	ACTIVITY #	ACTIVITY #	Vendor Specific	ACTIVITY #
P12	Ground	GND	GROUND	GROUND	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
P13	+12V	V12	V12, precharg e	V12, precharg e	+12 V Precharg e	+12 V Precharg e	+12V Precharg e	+12V Precharg e
P14	+12V	V12	V12	V12	+12 V	+12 V	+12V	+12V
P15	+12V	V12	V12	V12	+12 V	+12 V	+12V	+12V

		SATA	SAS	MultiLink SAS	Quad PCIe *1 *2 *3	SFF-TA- 1001 *1 *2 *3	OCP Kinetic	SNIA Native NVMe-oF
S1	Ground	GND	GROUND	GROUND	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
S2	Rcvr+	A+	PR+	RX0+		PETp0	RX0+	
S3	Rcvr-	Α-	PR-	RX0-		PETn0	RX0-	
S4	Ground	GND	GROUND	GROUND	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
S5	Xmtr-	B-	TP-	TX0-		PERn0	TX0-	
S6	Xmtr+	B+	TP+	TX0+		PERp0	TX0+	
S7	Ground	GND	GROUND	GROUND	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
S8	Ground		GROUND	GROUND	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
S9	Rcvr+		SR+	RX1+		PETp1	RX1+	
S10	Rcvr-		SR-	RX1-		PETn1	RX1-	
S11	Ground		GROUND	GROUND	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
S12	Xmtr-		ST+	TX1-		PERn1	TX1-	
S13	Xmtr+		ST-	TX1+		PERp1	TX1+	
S14	Ground		GROUND	GROUND	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
S15				Reserved	Reserve d	НРТО		HPTO = Open
S16	Ground			GROUND	Ground	Ground		Ground
S17	Rcvr+			RX2+	PETp1	PETp2		TX0+
S18	Rcvr-			RX2-	PETn1	PETn2		TX0-
S19	Ground			GROUND	Ground	Ground		Ground
S20	Xmtr-			TX2-	PERn1	PERn2		
S21	Xmtr+			TX2+	PERp1	PERp2		
S22	Ground			GROUND	Ground	Ground		Ground
S23	Rcvr+			RX3+	PETp2	PETp3		TX1+
S24	Rcvr-			RX3-	PETn2	PETn3		TX1-
S25	Ground			GROUND	Ground	Ground		Ground
S26	Xmtr-			TX3-	PERn2	PERn3		
S27	Xmtr+			TX3+	PERp2	PERp3		
S28	Ground			GROUND	Ground	Ground		Ground

Note: PCIe names the signals on the device from the host perspective i.e. for PCIe products, a receiver on the device has a transmitter signal name.

TABLE 4-3 E SERIES SIGNALS (PLUG)

		SATA	SAS	MultiLink SAS	Quad PCIe *1 *2 *3	SFF-TA- 1001 *1 *2 *3	OCP Kinetic	SNIA Native NVMe-oF
E1					REFCLKB+	REFCLKB+		
E2					REFCLKB-	REFCLKB-		
E3	+3.3V				+3.3 Vaux	+3.3V aux		+3.3V aux
E4					CLKREQ#/ PERSTB#	PERSTB#		ENRST1#
E5					PERST#	PERST#		ENRST#
E6					Reserved	IFDET2#		IFDET2# = Ground
E7					REFCLK+	REFCLK+		
E8					REFCLK-	REFCLK-		
E9					Ground	Ground		Ground
E10	Rcvr+				PETp0			
E11	Rcvr-				PETn0			
E12	Ground				Ground	Ground		Ground
E13	Xmtr-				PERn0			RX0-
E14	Xmtr+				PERp0			RX0+
E15	Ground				Ground	Ground		Ground
E16					Reserved	HPT1		HPT1 = Open
E17	Rcvr+				PETp3			
E18	Rcvr-				PETn3			
E19	Ground				Ground	Ground		Ground
E20	Xmtr-				PERn3			RX1-
E21	Xmtr+				PERp3			RX1+
E22	Ground				Ground	Ground		Ground
E23					SMBCLK	SMBCLK		SMBCLK
E24					SMBDAT	SMBDAT		SMBDAT
E25					DualPort En#	DualPort En#		DualPort En#

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5. PCIe Dual Port Lane Usage

For PCIe Dual Port mode, both Quad PCIe and SFF-TA-1001 redefine some of the PCIe lanes to explicitly be a second port with the secondary port starting the lane numbering at 0. The below table describes the Port and Lane numbering change when in dual port mode.

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TABLE 5-1 PCIE DUAL PORT LANE USAGE

SFF-TA-1001 Dual Port	Quad PCIe Dual Port	PCIe Lane		
S15=0, E16=0	S15=1, E16=0	E25 = Open	E25 = 0	
S[2-6]	E[10-14]	PortA LaneO		
S[17-21]	S[17-21]	PortA	Lane1	
S[9-13]	S[23-27]	PortA Lane2	PortB LaneO	
S[23-27]	E[17-21]	PortA Lane3	PortB Lane1	

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Note: Single lane (x1) port usage shall use LaneO.

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6. SNIA Native NVMe-oF Dual Port Lane Usage

16 For SNIA Native NVMe-oF Dual Port mode, DualPortEn# redefines how the two Ethernet 17

lanes are configured. Table 2-1 describes the Port and Lane numbering change when

18 in dual port mode.

TABLE 2-1 SNIA NATIVE NVME-OF DUAL PORT LANE USAGE

SNIA Native NVMe-oF Lane	E25 = 0	E25 = 1
S[17-18]	TX0	TX0.1
S[23-24]	TX1	TX0.2
E[13-14]	RX0	RX0.1
E[20-21]	RX1	RX0.2

